1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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4	April 5, 2016	- 2:06 p.m.
5	Concord, New 1	Hampshire NHPUC APR25'16 FM 4:07
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7	RE:	DE 15-491 PNE ENERGY SUPPLY, LLC, ET AL VERSUS
8		PSNH d/b/a EVERSOURCE ENERGY: Transfer Question from Superior Court.
9		(Prehearing conference)
10	PRESENT:	Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding
11		Commissioner Robert R. Scott Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk
		Sandy Deno, Clerk
13		
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. PNE Energy Supply, LLC, and Resident Power Natural Gas & Electric
15		Solutions, LLC: Douglas L. Patch, Esq. (Orr & Reno)
16		Robert M. Fojo, Esq. (Fojo Law)
17		Reptg. Public Service Co. of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy:
18		Wilbur A. Glahn, III, Esq. (McLane Middleton)
19		Matthew J. Fossum, Esq. (Eversource Energy)
20		Reptg. Unitil Energy Systems, Inc.: Patrick H. Taylor, Esq.
21		Reptg. Liberty Utilities (Granite State
22		Electric) Corp.: Sarah B. Knowlton, Esq.
23	Cou	rt Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
24		



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2	APPEARANCES:	(continued)
3		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
4		Donald M. Kreis, Esq., Consumer Advocate Office of Consumer Advocate
5		Reptg. PUC Staff:
6		David K. Wiesner, Esq., Esq. Thomas C. Frantz, Director/Electric Division
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## 1 PROCEEDING

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're here this afternoon in Docket DE 15-491, which has been sent over to us -- or, a matter has been sent over to us from the Superior Court, which is a piece of litigation between PNE Energy Supply, and others, against PSNH doing business as Eversource Energy.

We've issued an Order of Notice in this. I know it took us a little longer than I think we would have liked to get you all in here. But it's out there. We've got a couple of people who want to intervene, which we'll discuss, and we'll discuss how we're going to process this docket.

Before we do anything else, let's take appearances.

MR. PATCH: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman and members of the Commission. Doug Patch, from Orr & Reno, on behalf of PNE Energy Supply, LLC, and Resident Power Natural Gas & Electric Solutions, LLC. And, with me here at the table are Robert Fojo, from the Fojo Law Office, in Manchester also representing the same two entities, and then also Gus Fromuth.

MR. GLAHN: Wilbur Glahn, for PSNH, and with me is Matthew Fossum from PSNH. I'm with the

1	McLane Middleton Law Firm.
2	MR. TAYLOR: Patrick Taylor, Senior
3	Counsel for Unitil Energy Systems, Incorporated.
4	MS. KNOWLTON: Good afternoon,
5	Commissioners. Sarah Knowlton. I'm here on behalf of
6	Liberty Utilities (Granite State Electric) Corp. And,
7	with me from the Company are Steve Mullen and Steve
8	Hall.
9	MR. KREIS: Good afternoon, Mr.
10	Chairman. I'm Consumer Advocate Donald Kreis, here on
11	behalf of the state's residential utility customers.
12	MR. WIESNER: Mr. Chairman,
13	Commissioners, Dave Wiesner, representing Commission
14	Staff. And, with me today is Tom Frantz, Electric
15	Division Director.
16	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I think
17	people probably have different views about what needs
18	to be done here for this docket to be dealt with.
19	Let's start first with the intervenors.
20	The mandatory parties to this are the litigants, PNE
21	and PSNH. Does either of you have a position on the
22	Petitions to Intervene by Liberty and Unitil?
23	MR. PATCH: No position.
24	MR. GLAHN: We have none, Your Honor. I

mean, we're happy to have the intervenors intervene. In think, as we'll explain, we think that this matter can be decided on the papers before a decision needs to be made as to whether these parties are permitted to intervene.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Why don't you explain that.

MR. GLAHN: So, our position on this is this is a very far referral. In simple English, what the Court, I think, asked the Commission to do is to say — the Court said "I have to make a decision as to whether a tort has been committed here." Part of the allegations are on whether PSNH's actions were improper or whether PSNH violated rules, regulations or tariffs, either of this body or of ISO-New England.

We believe that this entire matter is controlled by a prior docket of this Commission, or other dockets that followed that, when PNE and Resident Power requested a waiver of certain requirements to give notice to their customers for this transfer. This Commission allowed the waiver of that notice subject to two conditions. Number one, that there would not have to be and would not be an off-cycle meter read. And, secondly, that FairPoint would make a filing with the

PUC before the customers were transferred or during customer transfer, that's indicated that FairPoint has sufficient security to take these customers.

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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Glahn, before you go any further, you're arguing a lot of your argument about why this case should be resolved a particular way. I want to step -- I want to take one step back from that, and say what is it exactly the Court has asked us to do, based on what? And, having taken a look at the Order and the -- that transferred over here, and the order on the Motion to Dismiss was issued at the same time, it seems to me what the Court has said is "I've got a Motion to Dismiss here. And I can rule on a lot of it, because I'm going to get a set of facts from the parties that was based on the writ and some documents that were submitted by the parties in connection with that Motion to Dismiss, I can rule on most of these issues. But I can't rule on this one issue, because I'm not the expert in this body of law. I want you, PUC, to take a look at these facts that I would look at in ruling on the Motion to Dismiss, and say if -- using the motion to dismiss standard, is there a claim here for a violation of the rules, the ISO tariff, or anything else?"

And, maybe I'm agreeing with you at some level, Mr. Glahn, that this is very narrow, because we've got a set of facts and it's already been briefed. Why can't we just pick up what the Court had in front of it and issue a ruling on the one claim that the Court couldn't rule on?

MR. GLAHN: Well, I think we're very close to being in agreement, Commissioner Honigberg, with a couple, maybe, of exceptions. I do think it would be helpful for this body to have some further briefing, no matter how brief that briefing may be.

Because now, to a certain degree, this would focus on some different proceedings by virtue of what Judge Brown did, because he dismissed — he dismissed certain allegations that would otherwise have required factual findings there.

The other area where I might disagree with you slightly is, if the Commission were to decide, in the first instance, based on the papers, that there might possibly be a violation, then I think there are some facts that would need to be found by this Commission, because you'd still be addressing the question of whether those facts lead to a violation of tariffs, rules or recommendations. I don't think you

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          need to do that in the first instance. I think, in the
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          first instance, there are no new facts that need to be
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          found in order to address this case. And, I'm
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          suggesting only that there be a filing with the
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          Commission here on that issue.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's put aside
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          what happens if we were to find that there might be a
          violation, because I might disagree with you about
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          that.
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                         Mr. Patch, do you have a view about how
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          this should go?
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                         MR. PATCH: I think Mr. Fojo is going to
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          address that.
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                         MR. FOJO: Yes, sir.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fojo.
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                         MR. FOJO: Thank you. Thank you, Mr.
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          Chairman.
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                         We believe that the Court's Transfer
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          Order was very clear in stating that the Commission has
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          to actually decide if PSNH acted improperly for
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          purposes of the tortious interference claim. If the
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          Court wanted the Commission to decide PSNH's Motion to
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          Dismiss on that issue, it would have said so; it did
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                It stated very clearly that the Commission has to
          not.
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actually decide if PSNH acted improperly. That's a factual finding, that has to be based on the submission of evidence, and for which discovery is required, so the parties can engage in the fact-finding necessary to adjudicate that claim.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Was this -- did you request a jury trial in Superior Court?

MR. FOJO: Yes, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, so, you'd be asking us, instead of having the jury find your facts, you'd be asking the Commission to find your facts on that?

MR. FOJO: Mr. Chairman, that's not the position we had in Superior Court. We're living with the Court's Order on this issue. Based on that Order, the Order states that "the Commission must decide that issue and thus engage in an adjudicative proceeding to address the question of whether or not PSNH acted improperly". And the standard for finding whether interference in such a claim is improper is a very broad standard. It isn't just based on whether or not a tariff was violated or whether or not a statute was violated. There are common law standards of conduct that must be used to address the conduct of the party

1 that has been accused of engaging in the wrongful act. 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis, got any 3 thoughts on this? 4 MR. KREIS: I do, Mr. Chairman. Thank 5 you for inviting them. 6 I'm inclined to agree with you, that 7 this case essentially comes to us in the posture of a pending Motion to Dismiss. And I think there's a lot 8 9 of appeal in having the Commission simply accept the 10 allegations in the complaint as true, and then ruling 11 on whether there is some way of applying applicable tariffs and rules to the facts alleged in the Superior 12 13 Court complaint that either demonstrate that, as a 14 matter of law, PSNH acted improperly or, as a matter of 15 law, acted properly. 16 That, I think, would keep faith with the 17 fact that we're dealing here inherently with a tort 18 claim, and not a garden variety administrative 19 proceeding of the sort we're used to seeing here. 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor, I've 21 read your Motion to Intervene. Ms. Knowlton, you're 22 going to get the same question. Why are you here? 23 MR. TAYLOR: Well, I attempted to lay it 24 out in my brief, Petition to Intervene. But the way

that I read the question, as it's been teed up for the Commission, the Commission could answer those questions in a way that, even though they may be specific to -even though the answer may be specific to the circumstances between PNE and PSNH, they could have precedential effects and have an effect upon the way that Unitil, and really any electric utility operating in the state, the way that they do business with competitive suppliers. The Commission potentially could reach a decision that is not consistent with our tariff, with existing competitive supplier agreements. It could create a circumstance where there are significant administrative burdens relative to billing, if it were to be a circumstance where a utility really does have to do some sort of one-time mass off-cycle meter read. CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Did you tell the Superior Court all this, because the Superior Court got presented with the same -- the same allegations? don't have any new allegations here. We have a case that was filed in Superior Court. Did you go to

22 Superior Court and say "we want to participate in your

23 Superior Court case"?

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MR. TAYLOR: This is something that came

to, when this got transferred to -- so, I guess the answer to your question is --

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: The answer is "no", right?

MR. TAYLOR: -- Unitil did not appear in Superior Court. But this is something that, in Superior Court, this is a dispute between PNE and PSNH. There was no reason for Unitil, and I'll confess that I was not actually at Unitil when that dispute initiated, but there was no reason for Unitil or Liberty, or anybody but PSNH or PNE, to think that that is a case that would stay in the Superior Court without any sort of administrative ramifications, any sort of regulatory ramifications for utilities doing business in this state.

And, so, utilities and competitive suppliers, they're -- as is acknowledged in the Transfer Order and in the Court's Order, those are relationships that are governed by rules, by tariffs, both with the utilities and with ISO-NE. And those are things that the Superior Court has given over to this Commission for interpretation. And the Commission's interpretation of those tariffs and rules, which are typically dealt with here in this Commission, could

1 have an effect on any electric utility doing business in this state. There is a significant number of our 2 3 customers and our load that is connected with competitive suppliers. And we're very concerned that 4 5 this is a docket that, the way that these questions are 6 posed, they could result in answers that will 7 significantly affect the way we do business. And, so, that's why we're here. And, 8 I'll leave it to Attorney Knowlton to explain why 9 10 Liberty is here. But I think that there are very 11 compelling reasons to have us in this docket. 12 If we were to be -- if there was some 13 sort of assurance, I suppose, and I don't know that you 14 can provide -- that the Commission can provide this, 15 that this would result in an order that would bind only 16 PSNH or would apply solely to PSNH and not the other 17 utilities, that would be a different story. But I 18 don't know that that's -- the question is framed that 19 way. 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton. 21 sorry, Commissioner Bailey, you have a question for 22 Attorney Taylor? 23 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I do. And this is

COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I do. And this is probably because I'm not a lawyer. But, if the Court

1 had decided this, and not asked us to do anything, 2 would a precedent have been established that would 3 apply to you? MR. TAYLOR: If the Court had decided 4 5 this, I guess this particular question, in interpreting the tariffs and the rules? You know, it's difficult 6 7 for me to give you -- I haven't looked at the question from that perspective. I would certainly be very 8 9 concerned about the legal ramifications, a decision 10 like that. 11 It's a hypothetical, and it's difficult for me to answer definitively. But I think that a 12 13 result like that would be a concern to me, yes. 14 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton, why 15 don't you give it a crack. 16 MS. KNOWLTON: I can start with 17 answering that question, or answer a couple of those 18 questions together. Which is, you know, why -- you 19 know, did you go to Superior Court? Obviously, no. 20 And, if not, why not? 21 For Liberty, we're here because, when we read the Order of Notice, to us, the way it was framed, 22 23 the questions were stated more broadly than they are in

the transfer of the questions from the Superior Court.

So, that's why we're here, and we didn't go to Superior Court.

If the questions were framed as narrowly as they were in what was transferred from the Court, I don't think we would be here.

I would take the position that a

Superior Court order in the PNE-PSNH/Eversource docket,

the Superior Court would not be binding precedent on

Liberty Utilities. If it was an order of the New

Hampshire Supreme Court, I would definitely have a

different view of that. But I would not say that a

Superior Court order is going to be a binding precedent

on us.

Our concerns are very much similar to Unitil's. I can state it, I think, in a nutshell. Which is that, if this case between PNE and PSNH is going to become the playbook for what a regulated electric utility must do in -- faced with the circumstance of a supplier default, then Liberty would like to be part of the case, so that our voice can be heard about how we think those scenarios should be handled.

If it truly is going to be a ruling that just applies to that one utility and that one factual

circumstance, and the rest of us are not going to be held to conduct our business consistent with that ruling in the future, then we don't need to be here.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I was great until the last thing you said. Because, if we interpret the rules or the tariff in a particular way, and say that this particular conduct we believe violates a tariff or violates the rules, that is going to be precedent, that you'd have to deal with in a claim that you had done — that Liberty or Unitil had done the same thing.

Is it binding? No, because, unless you make yourselves party to this and litigate it, there's no collateral estoppel or res judicata effect on you. If you choose to come here and litigate it and lose, then it is binding on you. It's just persuasive until then.

Although, you're right. If it goes up to the Supreme Court, that may be a more powerful precedent that you'd have to deal with.

But I'm a little confused about your desire to be a party to what looks an awful lot like a legal dispute.

I'll grant you that the Order of Notice may be broader or be worded in a way that's broader

than the transferred questions. I don't think that was their intent. I think it was -- maybe I should let Mr. Wiesner have a crack at speaking for Staff on how he thinks this should go.

But it seems to me that, for both Unitil and Liberty, you can do whatever it is you feel you need to do in this case as a friend of the Commission, to use the Latin phrase, amicus, offering your views on how this should go. And, if we screw it up, and you are aggrieved by the result, the administrative law provisions and the appeal rights, you may actually have appeal rights if we screw it up badly enough, even if you're not parties. And, either way, if one or the other — one or the other of the parties brings it up to the Supreme Court, you can participate there as well in the same way. That's what I'm thinking. But we're not done with this yet.

So, Mr. Wiesner, why don't you have a go.

MR. WIESNER: One thing I would like to do is just clarify that, in the Order of Notice, the questions transferred from the Superior Court verbatim are reproduced, and those are the questions which the Commission has been asked to address. There is, as we

typically include in all orders of notice, another section which summarizes, in greater generality and greater breadth, issues that may be raised by the docket. And, those do appear to be more generic, in the sense that they refer to interpretation of the Commission's 2000 rules and statutory provisions, PSNH's tariff and the ISO-New England tariff.

The intent there was not to broaden the scope of the inquiry that the Commission is directed to make pursuant to the Superior Court Transfer Order, but merely to raise generally issues that may be relevant to its determination in this case.

And, moving on from that, I would say, I think we share a concern that this may not be an appropriate docket for other parties, other utilities to participate. This really is a dispute between two parties, transferred here from the Superior Court, for, you know, what we believe as well is a limited finding by the Commission with respect to how those rules provisions and tariff provisions should be interpreted in this particular dispute.

There may very well be precedential value, precedential effect for other parties, including other utilities. But that's often the case in many of

the dockets that come here. And I think I would be concerned, if every time a case came here that may have precedential effect for other utilities, that they would seek to intervene in what essentially is not their case.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: What do you think about Mr. Fojo's view of what needs to be done in terms of factual development? How far beyond the Motion to Dismiss question are we required to go or is the Court expecting us to go?

MR. WIESNER: Well, the Transfer Order, which is the four-page Order which presents the questions for determination by the Commission, makes it clear that it is being issued in conjunction with the Order on the Motion to Dismiss, which dismissed four of the five counts that were brought by PNE and Resident Power against PSNH, and preserves only Count 1, which is the "intentional interference with contractual relations" count.

And, if you'll permit me to do so, I will read an excerpt from that Order. And this is at the end of the section where the Court is declining to dismiss Count 1, even though it is dismissing all of the other counts.

1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, just to be clear, you're reading from Judge Brown's order --2 3 MR. WIESNER: Yes. This is Judge Brown's order of November 25th, 2015, and it is 4 5 referenced in the Transfer Order. This appears on Page 6 "Therefore, the Court declines to dismiss Count 1, 7 and instead refers Count 1 to the PUC, to determine if Defendant acted improperly based on the conduct alleged 8 9 in Paragraphs 137(a) through (c). Should the PUC find 10 Defendant acted improperly, this Court will decide the 11 remainder of this Claim." I take that, and the reference to 12 13 "137(a) through (c)", that is essentially the factual 14 allegations that are made in Count 1, which is the 15 intentional interference with contractual relations. 16 And it basically forms the foundation for the questions 17 as they appear in the Transfer Order. Essentially, 18 those are the alleged facts derived from the complaint. 19 So, I take that to mean that the Court 20 expected that the Commission would decide these issues 21

So, I take that to mean that the Court expected that the Commission would decide these issues based on the record as developed through the Motion to Dismiss, without further factual investigation, essentially deciding whether or not PSNH's conduct as alleged was improper, in the sense that it was not

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protected by law. And perhaps one way to interpret that would be to say "it would be protected by law, if it were in compliance with the applicable rules and tariffs."

And, then, once that determination is made by the Commission, the case would be transferred back to the Superior Court for further proceedings, which might involve complete dismissal of the case or further adjudication.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fojo.

MR. FOJO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. If the Court wanted the Commission to decide PSNH's Motion to Dismiss this particular portion of the tortious interference claim, the question -- I believe the question would have been "did PNE and Resident Power state a claim that PSNH acted improperly upon which relief can be granted?" The Order does not say that. The Order says "did PSNH act" -- rather, "did Defendant act improperly?" And the phrase that Attorney Wiesner just read, at the end of -- on Page 14 of the Order on Motion to Dismiss, "should the PUC find Defendant acted improperly, the Court will decide the remainder of this Claim." Meaning there's no other Claim -- portion of the Claim that is still open on PSNH's Motion to

Dismiss in Superior Court. What PSNH challenged has been ruled on. The only remaining piece of it is this. And the Court has elected to allow the Commission to decide that aspect of the claim, because it feels that the Commission has the expertise that the Court believed it did not have. And, then, the Court has elected to decide "the rest of the Claim". There are other elements that must be proven, we acknowledge that. But those elements will be subject to a traditional civil proceeding that includes discovery and so on and so forth.

If I may raise two more points on this issue?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Uh-huh.

MR. FOJO: This hearing was called under the PUC 203 rules, which concern an adjudicative proceeding. And an adjudicative proceeding requires discovery under the rules. And that's our view concerning that. And the very question of whether PSNH acted improperly is a very fact-intensive inquiry. We cited cases in our — that we would be happy to cite in briefing on this issue, if we were permitted to do so. But the case law is very clear that it's a very fact-intensive inquiry, that depend on the motives of

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the party who has been alleged -- who has been alleged to have engaged in the conduct. That question can only be answered through discovery and through the development of facts that have not been developed yet.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Glahn.

MR. GLAHN: We disagree, and disagree for -- start with this proposition. The question of whether PSNH acted improperly, ultimately, is a decision for the Superior Court. That is, should this Commission decide that PSNH did not violate the rules and regulations of the PUC, I think this case will be over at the Superior Court. Should this Commission decide that PSNH, in fact, violated the rules and regulations, then it is up to the Superior Court to determine the element of tort law that would establish whether ultimately the question -- the action was improper, which would include intent and whether there were privileges, etcetera.

What the Court was asking, at our request, was that the determination whether PSNH had an obligation to do certain things, under the tariff or rules and regulations of the Commission, is a matter the Commission should decide in the first instance.

Because, otherwise, the Court is getting involved in

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interpreting things that are within the primary jurisdiction of this Commission.

So, whether, in fact, and I'll just make one observation, the transferred question begs a question, because it says "if you were to take all the facts as true, the complaint is that we acted illegally when we deleted certain EDIs?" So, if you start simply there and say "well, it was illegal", then I don't know where the Commission goes with that.

What I'm suggesting is that, and I think you and I are in very close agreement, Commissioner Honigberg, which is, there are — whether you ever have to go beyond the facts in this case, the facts as pled and as in the record, because the — as you know, the complaint in this case referenced a whole series of dockets, etcetera, which we then were entitled to put in, is I think a question that need not to be decided now. Because, if we were to entitled to submit another pleading, say less than ten — ten pages or less, that lay out why we believe that, on the facts alleged in the complaint and in PUC dockets, that PSNH's conduct in this case was consistent with the PUC tariff, rules and regulations, I think that the Commission could decide that without ever getting into the question of

whether additional facts need to be found. And, of course, PNE can take the opposite position and could argue that there are facts that need to be found.

But, I think, like a proceeding in court, this is something that could proceed in two steps. And, if the Commission found against us on those papers, then the Commission could address the question of whether, in fact, any additional facts need to found or not.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fojo, I think I see where Mr. Glahn went with this. He is suggesting that what he would like to do is essentially move to dismiss, based on the allegations that were made and the documents that are in the record here. And, if the Commission were to agree that the facts, as pled and as in the record, do not support a claim, regardless of what we would do in the circumstance where they would, we would say "it doesn't look like a stated claim, we will send it back."

If we were to disagree with him, and agree with you that a claim has been stated, then we could decide what further proceedings are appropriate here.

I think that's what Mr. Glahn is

suggesting. Do you agree with that?

MR. FOJO: Mr. Chairman, I don't -- I do not agree with that, because my concern is that the Court's Transfer Order did not pose that question to the Commission. And, let's assume, for instance, just indulge this, let's take this to its logical end, if the Commission were to decide or to answer the question from the Court as "no", and the Court had a different view concerning what question it posed to the Commission, the Court's -- let's assume the Court's view was "I want the Commission to decide, to make a factual finding about whether or not PSNH acted properly", then my clients will be -- their rights will be prejudiced in that instance, because they never had the ability to develop a factual record concerning that finding.

MR. GLAHN: May I comment, Mr. Chairman?
CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure.

MR. GLAHN: Well, it wouldn't be deprived that opportunity, because they would have an opportunity to address the pleadings, which, of course, would then decide whether they were entitled to develop any additional facts or not.

But I think what Mr. Fojo is overlooking

is that this Commission doesn't have jurisdiction to decide the ultimate question of "whether a tort claim has been stated?"

What the Court asked the Commission to do, in our view, is to decide whether rules and regulations of this Commission had been violated. And, if that was the case, then the Court has to decide whether that states a cause of action as a matter of tort law. But the Commission's jurisdiction is to rule on its — on what it controls, which is all of the tariffs and rules and regulations that we argued in the Superior Court this Commission should decide in the first instance.

So, it's our view that -- I'm not going to repeat what I said earlier. I think you know where I'm going with that.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fojo, I'm not going to ask you to address that again, unless you want to. I know one of the things you talked about was the other elements of this tort. And, I am sure at one time, even not very long ago, I remembered all of the elements of tortious interference, but I don't as I sit here. So, if you could go through those elements and tell me which ones you think it is we're supposed to

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          resolve and answer for the Court, and what it is that
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          the Court will be left to do, maybe that will help
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          crystalize my thinking and the thinking of some others.
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                         MR. FOJO: Mr. Chairman, to answer your
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          question, the only element that the Commission has been
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          directed to answer --
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                         [Court reporter interruption.]
                         MR. FOJO: Maybe I'm just not close
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          enough to it.
                         I apologize.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We have a saying
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          around here that "if it's not uncomfortably close to
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          your mouth, it's probably not close enough."
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                         MR. FOJO: I won't address that comment.
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          Mr. Chairman, to answer your question, the only element
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          that the Commission has been directed to answer is
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          whether -- is the improper interference. That consists
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          of two elements, the tort -- that portion of the tort
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          consists of two elements: Interference with a
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          contract, but that also the interference must be
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          improper. And, it's that "improper" piece of it that
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          the Commission has been directed to answer. That's the
22
          only element that the Commission must answer here.
23
                         MR. GLAHN: Could I help a little on
24
                 I don't have the Court's order in front of me,
          that?
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1
          but --
                         [Court reporter interruption.]
 2
 3
                         MR. GLAHN: But I think the elements are
 4
          you have to know about the contract; the actions have
 5
          to be intentional; it has to be improper in the sense
 6
          that either that you've taken action for the purpose of
 7
          breaching the contract or -- and/or -- and that you do
          not have a privilege to do so. And, then, that those
 8
 9
          actions caused the breach of the contract. So, you
10
          could have a situation where the contract -- where the
11
          action had been taken improperly under those standards,
12
          but there's no evidence that the party -- the
13
          contracting party breached the contract because of
14
          that. I think that's -- I don't have the Order in
15
          front of me, but that's my recollection.
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
17
          Bailey.
18
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Is that what you
19
          want us to do?
20
                         MR. FOJO: Can you specify what --
21
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: What he just said.
22
          Figure out all those legal things that we don't
23
          normally do?
24
                                         I think Attorney Glahn,
                         MR. FOJO:
                                    No.
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1
          and he can correct me on this if I'm wrong, I think he
          was, just for the Commission's benefit, he was reciting
 2
 3
          the elements of a claim for tortious interference with
          a contract.
 4
 5
                         But the only element of the Claim that
          the Commission has been asked to answer is "whether or
 6
 7
          not PSNH acted improperly?" "Whether its interference
          with the FairPoint contract was improper?"
 8
 9
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: But there's a
10
          whole lot of legal standards about what "improper"
11
          means, which is what he just recited.
                         MR. FOJO: With all due respect, I
12
13
          believe Attorney Glahn just recited the elements, the
14
          intent, the knowledge of the contract, and so on and so
15
          forth.
                  Those are other elements of the Claim that have
16
          to be resolved at the Superior Court. The only element
17
          that the Court has directed the Commission to answer is
18
          "whether or not PSNH's conduct was improper?"
19
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: And what will we
20
          look -- sorry.
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Go ahead.
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: What will we look
22
23
          at to determine whether it was improper or not?
24
                         MR. FOJO: Well, first, there is a
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what kind of conduct is considered improper in these instances. And it could — it includes not only violations of tariffs or statutes or public policy, it also includes unethical business customs, misrepresentations, intimidation, and so on and so forth.

We would be happy to brief this issue, if that would assist the Commission in understanding the question that's been posed.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, we're to assume interference, and just decide whether the interference was wrongful?

MR. FOJO: Mr. Chairman, I agree that the Court is -- our view has always been that this issue -- this is a tort that should be decided in Superior Court. Attorney Glahn and PSNH argued the opposite, that that Claim should be decided here, which is -- which is a contradiction of what he just stated earlier.

But we agree that this poses a very unique proceeding for the Commission to address. Given the Court's Order, the only conclusion I can draw from it is that the Commission has to decide whether or not

1 PSNH's conduct was improper. To the extent it has to make certain assumptions that are not binding on the 2 3 parties, we can address how to proceed with that. It is a unique concept. I will agree with you on that. 4 5 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis. 6 MR. KREIS: I've learned that I need to 7 keep this thing very close to my mouth. I'm relying here on the Superior Court's Order for what I know 8 9 about this tort. And what the Superior Court stressed 10 in its Order, at Page 2, is that the word "improperly" 11 is the key word that the Commission has to rule on. And the Court cites a case called "Roberts versus 12 13 General Motors", decided by the New Hampshire Supreme 14 Court in 1994, to the effect that "if Defendant's 15 conduct was protected by law, it was not improper." 16 So, I think that's the question that's 17 pending here. Even if PSNH did something that none of 18 us like, because it was mean, nasty, ugly, and awful, 19 if it was protected by law, then there isn't a tort 20 here. And, so, it's a legal question that the 21 Commission fundamentally faces. 22 One reason to open up the universe of

One reason to open up the universe of parties who might opine on that question is, frankly, because you're stuck with me by statute as a

23

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{DE 15-491} [Prehearing conference] {04-05-16}

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1
          representative of all of the residential utility
 2
          customers in the state. And, so, if I get to be here,
 3
          it's at least fundamentally fair that all of the other
          utilities get to be here.
 4
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And there's nothing
 6
          preventing them from filing their comments and their
          wisdom with us. They just don't necessarily have the
 7
          same statutory right that you do. And we're always
 8
 9
          happy to have you here, Mr. Kreis, because we never
10
          feel like we're stuck with you.
11
                         MR. KREIS: Understood.
12
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, maybe "never"
13
          is a --
14
                         MR. KREIS: I'm still new, though.
15
          you have to reserve judgment, I understand.
16
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: We're still in the
          honeymoon period.
17
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner Bailey
19
          reminds us we're still in the honeymoon phase with you.
20
                         I personally think, and I haven't
21
          discussed this with Commissioner Scott, Commissioner
22
          Bailey, is that we should have the parties, and anyone
23
          else who's interested in this, essentially brief this
24
          as a Motion to Dismiss, and take the record as it
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was -- as it comes to us alleged by the Plaintiff in Superior Court, with the documents that were referenced by the parties as part of that motion, and go from there.

If we determine that the conduct was not wrongful or was privileged or protected by something, then we — that's the conclusion we would reach, and we will let the Superior Court know that. If we conclude that it isn't, I think we'd have to come back and decide how to go from there.

I think, in the course of that briefing, Mr. Fojo, Mr. Patch, you could certainly identify the things that you feel would be essential to answering the question, if you feel that it's not already in the record. And, I'm not sure what you wouldn't have put in front of the Superior Court to help prove your case, but I expect you may have something to say on that, I just don't know. And the others who want to weigh in can certainly do that. I don't know, maybe we need to caucus, the Commissioners need to caucus and have a conversation, before I make Commissioner Scott and Commissioner Bailey weigh in without having thought about it, unless you're prepared to?

(Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)

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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                              I've got
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          concurrence from the other two Commissioners, on at
 3
          least on that position as to how to go forward.
 4
                         Mr. Patch.
 5
                         MR. PATCH: Mr. Chairman, if that's the
 6
          way that you're going to go, I would strongly urge that
 7
          you put something in writing, so that we all knew
          exactly sort of what the parameters were, what it was
 8
 9
          you're expecting from us. Because I'm just fearful we
10
          would have to go back to the transcript and try to
11
          interpret the words that you've used. And I just think
12
          it would be very important here to make it crystal
13
          clear exactly what it is you're expecting and what we
14
          should produce.
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Anyone else want to
16
          comment on that suggestion or any other aspect of what
17
          we've talked about?
18
                         Yes, Mr. Patch. You have something
19
          else?
                         MR. PATCH: Well, --
20
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, while you're
22
          at it --
23
                         MR. PATCH: No. And, I think Mr. Fojo
24
          made this request, too. But it might not hurt to see
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1 something in writing from the parties on this issue before you make a decision, because I think some of the 2 3 case law that is important to this issue might be helpful to the Commission. And, so, if you gave us 4 5 even a day or a couple of days to file something. You 6 know, it's not critical that it be decided today, maybe 7 you could decide early next week. But, if you gave us a chance to submit something in writing, I think that 8 9 could be helpful to the Commission. It might help to 10 crystalize then whatever you were to put in writing 11 back to the parties about what you expected of us. 12 If I may comment on that? MR. GLAHN: 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Glahn. 14 MR. GLAHN: I think that's unnecessary. 15 I think the Commission has a good idea of where this 16 should go. And I think it's -- I can tell you the 17 question we will pose, which is "whether, based on the 18 facts in the complaint and the record, which includes 19 PUC dockets that this Commission can take notice of, 20 PSNH has violated rules, regulations or tariffs?" 21 I don't want to repeat myself, but the 22

I don't want to repeat myself, but the Court can't refer to this -- can't refer a question to this body it has no authority to decide. I think all -- the only issue is, is that the case? "Were tariffs,

23

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1
          rules, and regulations violated?" If so, then it has
          one result at the PUC; if no, it has another -- I'm
 2
 3
          sorry, at the Superior Court; if no, it has another
          result at the Superior Court.
 4
 5
                         So, to me, that's the question.
 6
          is, "based on the record and on the complaint, were the
 7
          tariffs, rules and regulations violated?" Conclusions
          can be drawn from that in the Superior Court as to
 8
          whether a tort has occurred.
 9
10
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor,
11
          Ms. Knowlton, Mr. Wiesner, do you have any thoughts on
12
          how we should proceed from here?
13
                         Ms. Knowlton?
14
                         MS. KNOWLTON: We don't have anything
15
          further to add.
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor?
17
                         MR. TAYLOR: I have nothing further to
18
          add either.
19
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Wiesner?
20
                         MR. WIESNER: I think I'm inclined to
21
          agree with Attorney Glahn. That the scope is limited
          and the record is defined. And I might even suggest
22
23
          perhaps that the Commission could be seen as
24
          overstepping its bounds, if it were to engage in a more
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extensive, intensive factual investigation than the

Court would have had before us, if it had gone forward

and decided this case itself, and decided the Motion to

Dismiss Count 1 itself, rather than referring it to

here, in an exercise of primary jurisdiction, because

this Commission has primary jurisdiction, as the Court

found, over its rules and tariffs filed by utilities

here, and the ISO tariff at the wholesale regional

level.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Do you think it would be wise for us to issue an order as a result of this prehearing conference that specifies what we would like the parties to do?

MR. WIESNER: If the next step would be some sort of a brief, and I understand that Attorney Patch is suggesting that that brief might go to the scope of the proceeding itself, and I believe that Attorney Glahn is suggesting that the brief would go to the merits of the case, then I would agree that it might be useful to have the Commission's expectation of what would be included in that brief, what will be addressed in that brief stated clearly.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, you're just referring to the last suggestion Attorney Patch made

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          with respect to sort of a pre-filing or a pre-order
          filing from the parties about scope? I'm not thrilled
 2
 3
          about that idea. I'm more interested in the notion
 4
          about whether we should issue an order saying "here's
 5
          what you should do." Or, are we sufficiently clear
 6
          about what the parties need to do, and essentially
 7
          briefing a Motion to Dismiss? Maybe we should issue an
                 I see enough concern out there. That we will
 8
          order.
          issue an order soon, as quickly as we can, I think,
 9
10
          spelling out the expectations and the deadlines for
11
          filing.
12
                         I'm thinking that you're not going to
13
         need a tremendous amount of time, because you've all
14
          written this one up once for Judge Brown. You know, a
15
          few weeks for Eversource, and then two, three weeks to
16
          respond. Is that going to make sense?
17
                         MR. FOJO: That's fine with us.
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
19
          Glahn.
                         MR. GLAHN: Could I just add one other
20
21
                 It's a minor point, but it's not an unimportant
22
                 We've been referring to "Count 1". One portion
23
          of Count 1 was dismissed. It's subpart (d) of that
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count, which deals with the question of whether PSNH

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          somehow persuaded the PUC Staff to take action.
                                                           That
 2
          can be significant where that case is now. So, it's
 3
          only -- it's only to be very precise, Paragraphs
 4
          137(a), (b), and (c) of this complaint that is left.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes.
 6
          that's right.
                        I think, from the Order from Judge
 7
          Brown, I think it's pretty clear what is still alive in
          his view and what was sent over here.
 8
 9
                         Everyone agrees with that?
10
                         [No verbal response]
11
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. So, we'll
          get an order -- yes, Mr. Kreis?
12
13
                         MR. KREIS: Mr. Chairman, I just wanted
14
          to make the point that, if the posture is basically one
15
          of Motion to Dismiss, then I think it would be useful
16
          if one of the two major parties actually filed a copy
17
          of the civil complaint that was filed in the Superior
18
                 I've had a chance to read that. There are
19
          quite a few factual allegations in that complaint.
20
          And, if that's what we're working off here with regard
21
          to what the facts might be, then I think it would be
22
          helpful if you had an opportunity to review them as you
23
          make your ultimate ruling.
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Wiesner, we
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1
          have that.
                      We have the record from the Superior Court,
 2
          do we not?
 3
                         MR. WIESNER: I have it. It has not
 4
          been filed in the docket yet. But we can do that.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, is that --
 6
                         MR. GLAHN: We're happy to provide it,
 7
          if they don't have it. But, on the other hand, if you
          go up into the docket, that's probably the easiest way
 8
 9
          for people to get it.
10
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I don't -- I'm
11
          indifferent. I represent to you all that we have a
12
          copy of the complaint. We will make it a part of the
13
          record.
14
                         Mr. Patch, I don't think it's going to
15
          be necessary for you or the parties to file anything
16
          regarding a scope. We'll issue an order regarding what
17
          we think the parties should be doing, sometime in the
18
          next few days, and that will contain deadlines a few
19
          weeks out and a few weeks after that.
20
                         Is there anything else we need to deal
21
          with?
22
                         MR. WIESNER: Mr. Chairman, would that
23
          order also address the intervention requests?
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes.
                                                    We'll deal
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with the intervention requests. It may be that we defer ruling on them at this time. And the parties — the prospective intervenors are going to be free to file papers with respect to the issues that are before us.

Mr. Fojo.

MR. FOJO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. We think that, in the order that's forthcoming, the order should clearly state what exactly the parties are going to rely on with respect to this, this decision, if this is the way this is going to go.

The complaint contains a lot of information. And, assuming that that will be filed in the docket and relied upon, there are, in addition to Paragraph 137(a), (b), and (c), there are many allegations in the complaint that pertain to those three subsections of that paragraph, and there are some that I can say do not. We would need some kind of clarity on which facts in the complaint and the allegations leading up to the actual Count 1 section we will rely on.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I assume this is -I actually have read this complaint, but it's been a
while since I did. Isn't this complaint like virtually

1 like every other complaint, that has a bunch of factual 2 allegations, and then the counts that incorporate those 3 factual allegations, and then some which go to Count 2 4 and incorporate everything before that, and then Count 5 3 incorporates everything before that, so that all those facts are out there and in the record? 6 7 MR. FOJO: That's correct. And I quess 8 I'm foreseeing a possibility of disagreement on whether 9 Paragraph 37 is relevant to the arguments that are 10 being posed to the Commission, or Paragraph 46, and so 11 on and so forth. 12 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: If it's in the 13 complaint and it was incorporated into that count, it's 14 fair game. 15 MR. FOJO: I have no qualms with that. 16 Thank you. CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think the issue 17 18 is going to be the documents that were brought in 19 outside of that. But I gather, from what Mr. Glahn has 20 said, and, in fact, I think we can see that from the 21 record in the Superior Court, that both parties

complaint, some of which were referred to, but you both

brought in a lot of other information for Judge Brown

referred to documents that were outside of the

22

23

1	to consider when he was ruling initially on this, isn't
2	that right?
3	MR. FOJO: That's right. There were
4	other documents in other dockets that the Court and,
5	obviously, the Commission could take judicial notice
6	of. We don't have a disagreement with that.
7	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. If
8	there's nothing else for us to do, we'll adjourn, and
9	we'll issue an order as quickly as we can. Thank you
10	all.
11	[Whereupon the prehearing conference was
12	adjourned at 2:56 p.m.]
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